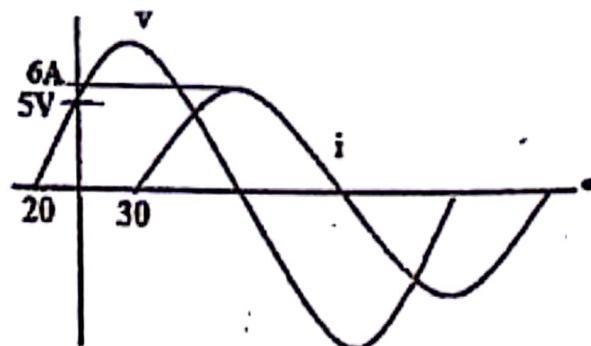


Q1)- {8 Marks}

The waveform of a parallel AC circuit are shown in the figure.

- Write the mathematical expressions for $v(t)$ and $i(t)$.
- Determine the average power (P_{av}) and Pf.
- Determine the type and value of the element or elements .

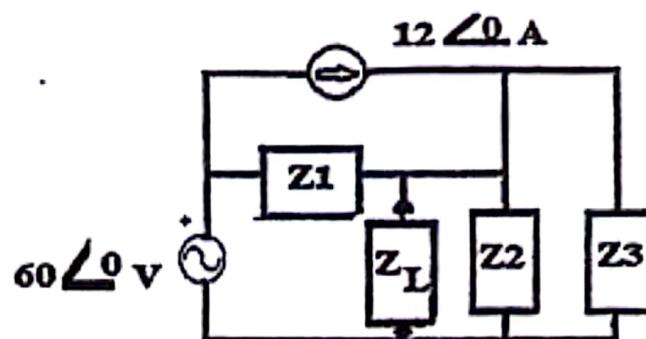


Q2)- {8 Marks}

For the circuit shown in the figure.

$$Z_1 = 2 + j2, Z_2 = -j2, Z_3 = 3 - j4$$

Determine the value of Z_L for maximum power to the Load, and find P_{max}



Q3)- Complete

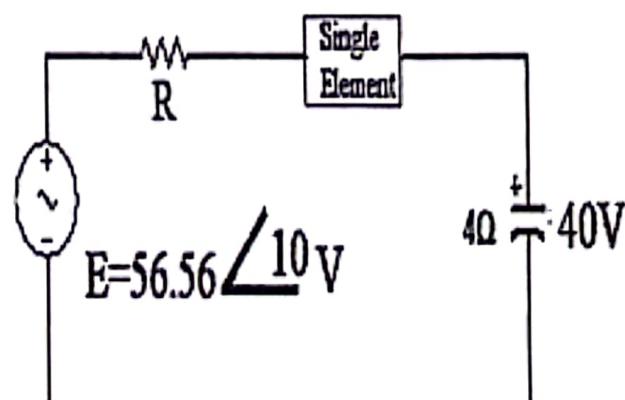
{6 Marks}

If $i(t) = 10 \sin(2\pi 60t)$, then the frequency isHz, the average value is, the effective value is and the magnitude of the waveform at $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ is

Q4)- {8 Marks}

AC Series circuit shown in the fig, and the circuit has 0.707 Lagging Pf

- Determine R and the unknown single element.
- Draw phasor diagram.
- Draw impedance diagram.
- Find P_{av} .



(21)- 18

$$i(t) = 6 \sin(\omega t - 3^\circ) \text{ A} \quad (01)$$

a $v(t) = V_m \sin(\omega t + 2^\circ) \Rightarrow 5 = V_m \sin 2^\circ$

$$v(t) = 14.619 \sin(\omega t + 2^\circ) \text{ V} \quad (02) \quad V_m = \frac{5}{\sin 2^\circ} = 14.619 \text{ V}$$

(b) $P_{av} = \frac{V_m I_m}{2} \cos \Theta$

$$P_{av} = \frac{14.619 \times 6}{2} \cos 50^\circ = 28.191 \text{ W} \quad (01)$$

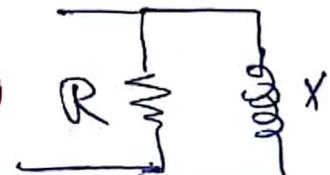
$$P_f = \cos 50^\circ = 0.642 \text{ Lagging}$$

(c) Parallel AC circuit

$$Y_T = \frac{I_T}{E} = \frac{6/\sqrt{2}}{14.619/\sqrt{2}} \angle -3^\circ = 0.410 \angle -50^\circ \text{ S}$$

$$Y_T = \underbrace{0.2635}_G - j \underbrace{0.3141}_{BL}$$

$$R = \frac{1}{G} = \frac{1}{0.2635} = 3.7951 \Omega \quad (02)$$



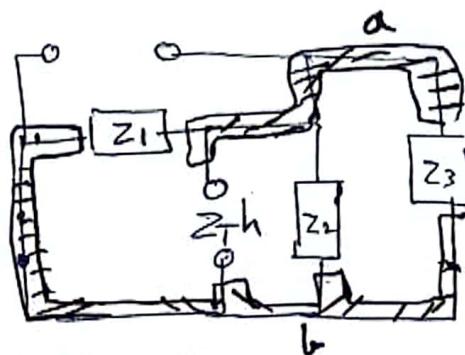
$$X_L = \frac{1}{BL} = \frac{1}{0.3141} = 3.1837 \Omega \quad (02)$$

(Q2) /8

$$Z_1 = 2 + j2 = 2.828 \angle 45^\circ \Omega$$

$$Z_2 = -j2 = 2 \angle -90^\circ \Omega$$

$$Z_3 = 3 - j4 = 5 \angle -53.13^\circ \Omega$$

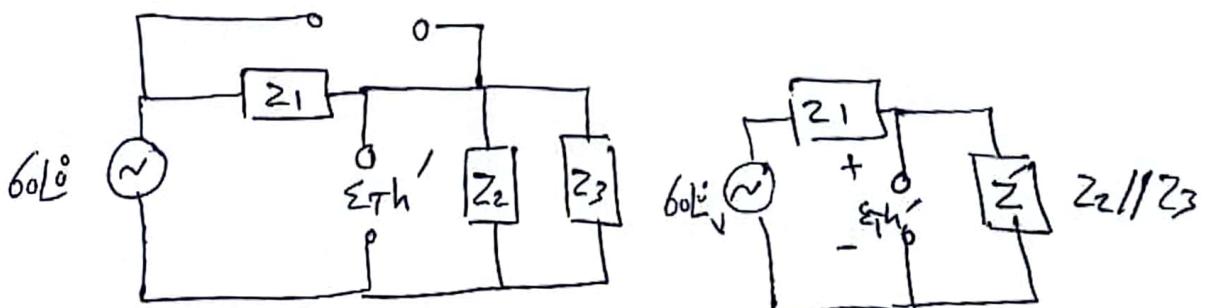


$$Z_{Th} = Z_1 \parallel Z_2 \parallel Z_3 = 1.8115 \angle -48^\circ$$

$$= 1.2121 - j1.346 \quad (01)$$

For max Power to the Load

$$Z_L = 1.2121 + j1.346 \quad \Omega \quad (02)$$



$$\epsilon_{Th}' = Vz' \text{ using VDR}$$

$$\epsilon_{Th}' = \frac{60L^o \times z'}{z' + Z_1} = \frac{60L^o \times 1.491 \angle -79.57^\circ}{0.27 - j1.466 + 2 + j2} \quad (01)$$

$$\epsilon_{Th}' = \frac{89.46 \angle -79.57^\circ}{2.27 + j0.534} = \frac{89.46 \angle -79.57^\circ}{2.332 \angle 13.23^\circ} = 38.362 \angle -92.73^\circ V$$

$$\epsilon_{Th}'' = V(z' \parallel Z_1)$$

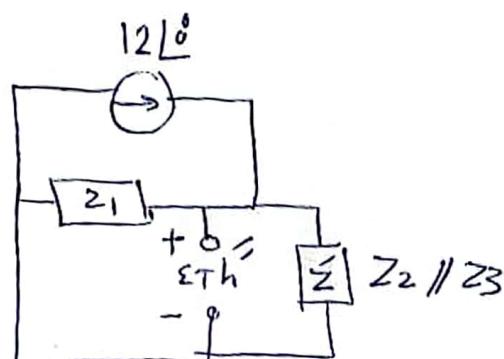
$$= 12L^o \times 1.8115 \angle -48^\circ \quad (01)$$

$$= 21.738 \angle -48^\circ V$$

$$\epsilon_{Th} = \epsilon_{Th}' + \epsilon_{Th}''$$

$$= 38.362 \angle -92.73^\circ + 21.738 \angle -48^\circ \quad (01)$$

$$= 55.787 \angle -76.822^\circ V$$



$$P_{max} = \frac{\epsilon_{Th}^2}{4R_{Th}} \approx 642 W \quad (02)$$

Q1)- /6

If $i(t) = 10 \sin(2\pi 60t)$, then the frequency is 60 Hz ,

the average value = zero A, the effective value is $\underline{7.07 \text{ A}}$

and the magnitude of the waveform at $t = 1 \text{ ms}$ is $\underline{-5.877 \text{ A}}$

Q2)- /8

(a)

$$P_f = 0.707 \text{ Lagging} \quad \Theta = \cos^{-1} 0.707 = 45^\circ$$

$$I = \frac{V_C}{X_C} = \frac{40}{4} = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$I = 10 \angle -35^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$Z_T = \frac{E}{I} = \frac{56.56 \angle 10^\circ}{10 \angle -35^\circ}$$

$$Z_T = 5.656 \angle 45^\circ$$

$$= R + j X_T$$

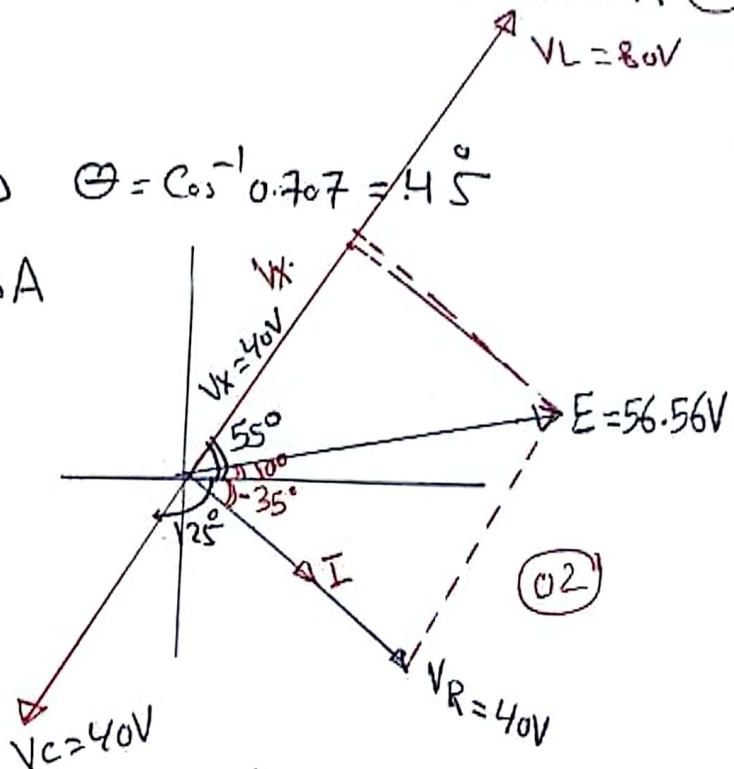
$$Z_T = R + \text{single element} - j X_T$$

$$4 + j 4 = R + \text{single} \approx -j 4$$

$$R + \text{single element} = 4 + j 8$$

$$R = 4 \Omega \quad (02)$$

$$\text{Single element} = j 8 \quad (02)$$



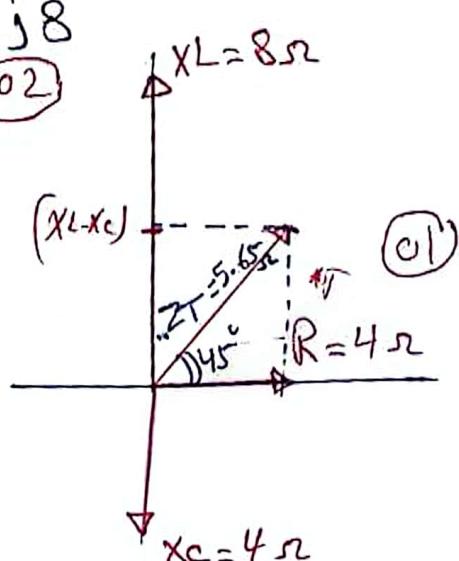
(b) Phasor Diagram

d)- $P_{av} = E \cdot I \cos \Theta$

$$= I^2 R$$

$$= (10)^2 \times 4 = 400 \text{ W}$$

(01)



(c) Impedance Diagram